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Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 8

EMPLOYEES SHOW SIGNS OF UNREST

BROTHERHOOD MEN GROW IMPATIENT AT DELAY IN NEGOTIATIONS.

LEADERS ARE ALARMED

Afraid They Cannot Hold Men Much Longer—Railroads May Accede If Arbitration Is Promised.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The railroad employees' committee showed such marked signs of unrest today at the delay in the negotiations between President Wilson and the railway executives that the leaders of the men were alarmed and openly expressed fears of their ability to hold them much longer.

An employees' meeting this morning was thrown into an uproar by speeches of a minority, which demanded immediate action unless the roads accept the President's plan, but the leaders succeeded in adjourning it before any vote could be taken on any of the various proposals. They said afterward that, while the pressure for immediate action came from a minority, it was strong, but they believed the majority would be willing to give the President a little more time.

Some of the men urged that most of them go home, leaving the brotherhood heads with authority to call a strike if the railroads do not accept the President's plan.

The meeting adjourned until 10 o'clock, tomorrow morning. Frequently shouts and applause were heard about a block away from the hall.

Playing for Time.

"It is our belief," one of the committee men said, "that the railroads are playing for time with the President, just as they have done with us for many months. There is no reason why they should not have given the President an answer by this time. They are tiring us out all right, and the men are getting disgusted with the whole situation. I think there are enough cool-headed committee men here to control the meetings a day or two longer, but the discontent is spreading rapidly."

While the railroad executives continued deliberations on what form of counter proposal they shall make to President Wilson's plan, the President conferred with Senator Newlands and Representative Adamson, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committees in Congress, about the bill to increase the membership of the Interstate Commerce Commission by two. Senator Newlands afterward announced he would push his bill immediately. The development was taken to indicate a movement for sending the investigation features of the President's plan to the commission.

Possibility of passing an eight-hour law for railroads was discussed among several Congressional leaders, but no definite program was evolved, and it was understood no action would be taken unless the President's efforts failed.

OLD-FASHIONED WALTZ WILL SUPPLANT TANGO

Chicago, Aug. 22.—The old-fashioned, dreamy waltz will supplant the acrobatic tango in the ball rooms of the nation, if the National Association of Dancing Masters has any influence. In convention here the dancing professors decreed that the tango must go. The waltz, the one-step and the fox trot will be the fashionable favorites this season.

NAMES COMMISSION TO TREAT WITH MEXICANS

Washington, Aug. 23.—The way was clear to-day for an early meeting of the joint American-Mexican Commission to settle international difficulties. Secretary Lansing last night announced the selection of the American commissioners. They are Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior; George Gray, of Wilmington, Del., a retired Federal Circuit Judge and former United States Senator, and Dr. John R. Mott, of New York City, general secretary of the

International committee of the Young Men's Christian Association.

All of the commissioners have accepted their appointments, the Mexican members were named some time ago and arrangements for their meeting will be made immediately by Secretary Lansing and Eliseo Arredondo, Gen. Carranza's Ambassador designate. Virtually the only question to be decided is where the sessions shall be held. The Mexicans are understood to prefer some resort on the New Jersey coast.

HIGH PRICE OF SUGAR PUTS CANNING ON BUM

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 22.—Owing to the recent drought and the high price of sugar members of the girl's canning clubs in McCracken county will not can as many tomatoes this year as they expected. This announcement was made by Mrs. Allie S. Cope, county agent of home demonstration work. Tomato crops in many sections of the county were ruined by the dry, hot weather.

MACCABEE SOLDIERS RETAIN INSURANCE

LAW OF ORDER AMENDED SO MEMBERS MAY GO TO WAR—HOME TAX LEVIED.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 22.—Col. M. F. Elkin, State Commander of the Macabees, who returned from Detroit, where he attended special review of the Supreme Tent of the Order of Macabees, reports the session a most important one in that the Macabee law was amended to conform to the ritual of the order relative to the continuance in force of insurance of members engaged in war and the completion of arrangements for the maintenance of the Macabee Home at Pittsburgh.

Heretofore laws of the order contained a clause canceling insurance of members enlisting as soldiers, this was regarded as contradictory to the ritual. For maintenance of the Macabee Home at Pittsburgh, which is for infirm, indignant and tuberculous members of the order, an additional assessment of twenty cents per year payable semi-annually was imposed on all old members for a period of five years, while on all new members an extra of \$1 was placed. There are over 300,000 Macabees in the United States and it is figured that this nominal assessment will produce sufficient revenue to support the institution.

Far Outnumbered.

Jasper—Many a wise word is spoken in jest.

Jumpup—Yes, but they can't compare with the number of foolish ones that are spoken in earnest.

ALLIES ARE WARNED.

Churchill Tells England Germans Better Equipped Than Ever.

London, Aug. 23.—On the presentation of the motion yesterday for adjournment of the House of Commons, for the summer vacation Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, formerly First Lord of the Admiralty, initiated a debate on the conduct of the war. He said there was no certainty of a speedy ending of the conflict.

German armies were more numerous and better equipped than ever, but what reserves they had was another matter, he said. Col. Churchill urged the country to organize for a long war and to put food supplies and prices on a war basis. He also recommended the chartering of all shipping at admiralty rates to end the rise in freights, which he called a national scandal. Instead of restricting consumption by increased prices, the government should control distribution of food supplies at home and overseas, he said.

Island of Phosphate.

A French company has obtained possession of an island in the South Pacific that is believed to contain 10,000,000 tons of high-grade phosphate and many more million tons of inferior quality.

The government health service has discovered a new and cheap disinfectant. It is obtained from pine oil.

"THE HOT WEATHER HAS BURNED THE CARBONATOR UP."



—Rehe in New York World.

TOBACCO AGAIN ON BLACKLIST

GREAT BRITAIN BREAKS PROMISE TO ALLOW CONTRACTS TO BE FILLED.

SURPRISES WASHINGTON

Announcement That Weed Will Not Be Permitted to Reach Germany Unexpected.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Great Britain has again blacklisted American tobacco shipments into Germany and Austria.

Announcement was made to-day that Great Britain will stop all shipments after August 31, regardless of contracts American tobacco exporters made with German firms when the British embargo was lifted. It will be utterly impossible for American tobacco exporters even to get steamship transportation abroad by August 31 to fill their present contracts.

England's latest action came as a complete surprise to Washington. Only three weeks ago she agreed to modify her order barring tobacco shipments into Germany until American firms filled all their present contracts. Now she comes along with a new order, saying she will stop all shipments after August 31. This time is entirely too short, and the State Department will ask for an extension pending a final settlement of the whole tobacco shipment controversy.

REPORT AMERICAN SHIP FIRED ON BY SUBMARINE

The Hague, Aug. 22 (via London, 8:45 p. m.).—It is understood that the American steamer Owego arrived in Rotterdam about a week ago and that her captain reported he had been fired on by a German submarine off the Isle of Wright.

The steamer Owego, Captain Barlow, sailed from New York July 19 for Rotterdam, arrived there August 13. The steamer for a long time was in the Erie railroad lake line fleet, but came out from the lakes last August and was engaged in coastwise trade until March. She had made trips to the Mediterranean before proceeding on her present trip to Rotterdam.

The Owego is a vessel of 2,612 tons.

Notice.

The Farmers Co-operative Tobacco Growers Association is called to meet at the court house in Hartford, Saturday, September 2, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of assuring the amount of tobacco pledged in Ohio county. Every local in the county is requested to report.

St. L. B. TICHENOR, Ch'm'n.

BIG ARMY TRIES TO LAND IN U. S.

ENEMY FLEET CONVOYING THIRTY TRANSPORTS HOVERS NEAR COAST.

WILL ATTACK BY SEPT. 1

If Defense Can Hold Out Until Next Month The Country Will Be Saved.

Washington, Aug. 22.—A "red" enemy fleet of great strength, convoying the thirty transports laden with an invading army, arrived within 600 miles of the coast at 6 o'clock this morning, and the greatest war ever undertaken by the Navy Department began.

Within an hour the twelve battleships of the "blue" defending fleet were speeding to see behind a far-flung line of destroyers and scouts, intent upon locating and destroying the enemy before he approached the shore.

Admiral Mayo commands the "red" fleet of the fifteen battleships, six swift destroyers, representing the scouting line, and six other navy craft, representing the fleet of transports and other ships. Rear Admiral Helm has seventeen destroyers and seven light cruisers as his scouting screen, and close to shore are fifteen submarines as a last line of naval defense.

Admiral Mayo has until September 1 to evade the "blue" fleet and effect a landing at any point between Cape Hatteras and Eastport, Me. The sphere of action extends 600 miles to sea between those points.

WOMAN INFANTILE PARALYSIS VICTIM BURIED AT MIDNIGHT

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 23.—The body of Mrs. George Gentry, 40 years old, who died late yesterday afternoon of infantile paralysis, was buried at midnight last night in the Richmond cemetery. In order to stop the spread of the disease, every precaution has been ordered by the health officials.

Smith—Petty Marriage.

Mr. W. P. Smith, age 46, of Fordsville, and Miss Ella Petty, 47, of Narrows, were married at the Sheriff's office here on August 23, by Pastor S. E. Harlan, of the Christian church.

NEGROES FLEE WYANDOTTE AS RESULT OF RACE WAR

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 22.—More than thirty negroes, men, women and children, have left Wyandotte, a town near here, since yesterday afternoon. Their action was the result of several clashes between white and negro workmen which took place this week.

A free-for-all fight occurred on a

street car in Wyandotte Sunday night. It started, according to a story told the police, when a negro refused to give his seat to a white woman. Several persons, white and negro, were injured. Last night there was another clash in Wyandotte. One negro was killed.

It is claimed that a committee of white men gave certain negro families until noon to-day to leave town. Most of the negroes were recently brought to Wyandotte from Alabama by a manufacturing company.

WOMAN STRUCK BY BOLT OF LIGHTNING AND MAY DIE

Marion, Ky., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Julia Ruskin, 52 years old, wife of Richard Ruskin, near Mexico, this county, was struck by lightning late yesterday and will probably not recover. Mrs. Ruskin was in the yard at her home taking in clothes when the bolt struck her, burning her head and paralyzing her left arm. She regained consciousness this morning, but is in a very serious condition.

WILSON THREATENS TO USE VETO POWER

LET IT BE KNOWN THAT HE WOULD NOT STAND FOR IMMIGRATION BILL.

Washington, Aug. 22.—President Wilson let it be known today that he would veto the immigration bill if it came before him again with the literacy test, and with that the Senate defeated the motion to take up the measure, and return to consideration of the revenue bill.

The President's announcement, which settled the question, arrived just when the Democrats were continuing their party row over the action of the nine revolting Democrats who refused to be bound by the caucus which decided to let the bill go over, and the leaders of the revolt were making caustic replies to the reproaches of Senator Stone.

On the President's word that he would veto the bill, five of the revolting Democrats turned about and voted against the motion to take it up. They were Senators Beckham, Chamberlain, Culberson, Lane and Overman. They made the vote 32 to 23.

Senators Ashurst, Hardwick, Myers, Smith, of South Carolina, and Vardaman, all Democrats, however, stuck to their votes to take it up.

The Senate's action means that efforts to consider the bill at this session probably will be dropped.

President Wilson today vetoed a bill allowing cities and townships to buy public lands, including forest lands, in their vicinity for parks, cemeteries and sewerage. The President vetoed the bill on the ground that the national forests should not be utilized in that way.

BOYS' PIG CLUB SHOW

At Hartford, Thursday, August 31, 1916.

On next Thursday, August 31, 1916, we will hold our annual Boys' Pig Club show in Hartford at 10 a. m., and the boys will be awarded their premiums. Two of the best pigs will have the privilege of going to the State Fair by paying \$1.00 for caring for them while there and return freight, the State Fair paying the express up there.

It is to be hoped that many farmers will come in at this time and encourage the boys by their presence and at the same time see some fine pigs and some fine work our boys have done. It will be well worth any man's time to come and see these pigs for they are very fine and you will be proud of your boys and Ohio county in this work. You will be able, no doubt, to carry home some lessons from these boys that will be of lasting benefit to you. We will publish the list of premiums after the show. Be sure to come and bring your boys with you whether they belong to either of the clubs or not.

W. W. BROWDER,
County Agent.

For Sale.

51 acres of farming land for sale.

Apply to L. C. BROWN,

McHenry, Ky.

Special Deputy Banking Com-

SMOOT SCORES VOTE BATING

DECLARES NATION WILL FACE ERA OF WASTE IF WILSON STAYS IN.

STARTS BATTLE ROYAL

Senator Simmons Tries To Disprove Charges of Extravagance With Figures.

Washington, Aug. 22.—With Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, submitting figures designed to disprove Republican charges of Democratic extravagance and Senator Smoot, Republican finance expert, asserting that the Democratic party should be convicted of attempting to procure votes under false pretenses, a general debate on the \$205,000,000 emergency revenue bill began today in the Senate. There were indications on every hand of a partisan battle royal to be waged for several days.

Insisting that national defense preparedness and the Mexican situation were responsible altogether for the necessity of special revenue legislation and a proposed bond issue, Senator Simmons declared Republicans in Congress had clamored for even greater expenditures for defense, and having done this, were seeking partisan advantage by making false charges of Democratic extravagance to the public.

Senator Smoot, opening the Republican assault on the revenue bill, said if the Democratic party was to be retained in control of the government, the country would "suffer an era of unequalled extravagance combined with inefficiency unsurpassed." His attack was supported by Senator Curtis, who asserted that the burden of taxation should not be placed on the American people and that revenues should be raised by a protective tariff.

To prove his contentions that normal appropriations of this session are not excessive, Senator Simmons submitted Treasury Department estimates for the year 1917 showing that, excluding postal appropriations, bond issues already issued and amounts that will not be expended, revenues must be provided for disbursements of \$1,126,243,000. Of this amount the total appropriated for national defense would aggregate about \$654,000,000, and the Senator submitted other figures to prove that this extraordinary amount, due to preparedness and the Mexican emergency, exceeded normal defense appropriations by about \$372,280,000.

Senator Curtis predicted "four or five deficiency appropriations" before the year 1917 is over, advocated a return to the protective tariff and declared the Republican party was "opposed to a war tax in a time of peace."

Just before adjournment Senator Penrose introduced a resolution to recommend the revenue bill to the Finance Committee with instructions that it be amended to raise an equitable portion of required revenue from a protective tariff. No action was taken on the proposal.

Senator Smoot asserted that the Democratic party had not kept the pledges of retrenchment and economy and charged it with "wasteful and useless expenditures too long for enumeration."

"If we could bring the Democratic party into a court of justice and indict and try that party under the rules of law," said the Utah Senator, "the evidence that could be submitted would be more than adequate to convict it of procuring votes under false pretense."

People To Be Judge.

"Unfortunately, we can have no trial under the rules of law, which is undoubtedly better, we shall have a trial before the great tribunal of the American people whose verdict will be given as impartially as ever was given by a jury of twelve good men and true, and we shall know on the 8th of November whether, in the opinion of the jury of juries, the Democratic party has kept its economic pledge in office as zealously as it relied upon that pledge during the campaign."

BABY FOUND IN ARIZONA DITCH

CRIES HEARD BY MEXICAN WORKMAN WHO RESCUES DESERTED INFANT.

WANT TO ADOPT CHILD

Youth Christened "Moses Chandler" —Sought by Poor Mexican And Rich Ranchers.

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 19.—A poverty-stricken Mexican and wealthy Arizona ranchers are fighting for the possession of an unknown baby boy.

The baby is "Moses Chandler," who came out of the nowhere, floating down an irrigation ditch in a tiny, ribbon-decked barke. He is brown-eyed, chubby and pretty.

No one knows where he came from or who sent him on his strange voyage.

A trench of water flowing thru a redeemed section of the Great American Desert. A scorching hot day. A few Mexican laborers at work. Suddenly a little box floated into view. And in the box a beautiful live, white baby boy, as sound as the cottonwood tree beneath which his ark found anchorage. That's all anyone knows.

Attracted By Pretty Box.

Mexican workmen had been ordered to clean out a lateral of a big irrigation main. As the water receded, Manuel Mendez was attracted by a pretty box, which floated past him and lodged at the base of a tree. He tossed it on the bank. A faint cry came from the box. Manuel tore off the covering, and nestled inside was the cutest, darlings baby that ever ranged a raging irrigation ditch.

"Jesus!" whispered Manuel to himself. He hurried his find to Mrs. Manuel, who was making her oblations to the family washtub in the company camp half a mile away. Mrs. Manuel knows more about babies than Manuel, for her material duties have not been shirked. Little "Baby Moses" was soothed at the end of his mysterious journey by the kindly Mexican mother.

Expensive Clothing.

When found, the baby rested on a dainty pillow. The sides of the box were carefully draped with cotton and filled with ribbon and lace. A costly slip, with kid booties, a lace cap and things of filmy beauty were in the baby's outfit. Some woman's hand had placed them there. No man could have arranged them.

The child is obviously of good parentage. Its features are fine and regular. Its clothing is costly.

What crime or tragedy shrouds its life? Nobody knows.

The country birth records give no hint. The good people of the country know nothing of the baby's mother. Even the tongue of scandal is curiously still. There has been no unseemly wagging of heads and tongues.

Baby Christened "Moses."

The news of the baby spread and ranchers came to Mexican Manuel's shack to look upon "Little Moses."

A fleshy officer christened the baby "Moses," because he was "drawn from the water," and "Cham-

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

To answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untrue letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, since burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



dler" because the spire of the village church was visible from the pool where the little ark floated.

Chandler is a farming center near Phoenix. In the winter time it is a resort for fashionables.

One of the ranchers, S. D. Canton, offered to adopt the infant for his own and raise him in luxury.

Many Homes Offered.

A half dozen other wealthy but childless lonely ranchers wanted to take the child. They looked on him longingly and cuddled him as he lay in his box at the Mendez cabin.

But Manuel Mendez, who makes a dollar and a half a day, on the days he works, shook his head. He says the baby is his, for he found it. He offers to raise it with his brood and see to it that the fear of God, the beauty of labor and black beans are instilled in appropriate proportions. Mrs. Mendez agrees with him.

Try Legal Process.

Now the lonely, childless ranchers are wondering if legal process could give them the mystery baby.

What's the answer to it all? Will the baby be raised in dire poverty or liberal luxury?

Will the mother who started her child on that perilous voyage ever speak?

What would the baby tell if it could talk.

The newspapers say the "authorities are investigating," but the authorities know no more than is here set down.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES,

Allen County Fair, Scottsville, September 7-9.

Boone, North Kentucky Fair, Florence, August 31-September 2.

Campbell, Campbell County Agriculture Society, Alexandria, September 5-9.

Carter, Carter County Fair Association, Grayson, September 6-9.

Christian, Pennyroyal Fair, Hopkinsville, August 29-September 2.

Franklin, Capitol Fair Association, Frankfort, August 29-September 1.

Graves, Mayfield Fair Association, Mayfield, September 27-30.

Grayson County, Leitchfield, August 30-September 2.

Hart, Hart County Fair, Horse Cave, September 20-24.

Henry, Henry County Fair Company, Eminence, August 30-September 2.

Jessamine, Knights of Pythias Fair Association, Nicholasville, August 29-31.

Knox, Knox County Fair, Barbourville, August 30-September 1.

Larue, Larue County Fair, Hodgenville, September 5-7.

Logan and Robertson, Adairville, September 14-16.

Monroe, Tompkinsville Fair, Tompkinsville, August 31-September 2.

Nelson, Nelson County Fair, Bardstown, August 29-September 1.

Ohio, Ohio County Fair, Hartford, September 21-24.

Pendleton, Falmouth, September 6-9.

State Fair, Louisville, September 11-16.

Warren, Warren County Fair Association, Bowling Green, September 6-9.

Wayne, Wayne County Fair Association, Monticello, September 5-8.

What Is a Day's March?

The Army Drill Book tells that trained and hardened infantry can cover from twenty to twenty-five miles a day when in small bodies. As the size of the command increases the distance covered becomes less, as the rate is lowered and time is needed to get all the units into and out of camp. With a regiment or less of average troops—regulars—marching over average roads, the rate should be from two and three-quarters to three miles an hour. Larger bodies will travel from two to two and a half miles an hour, while a division cannot be expected to accomplish more than twelve and a half miles a day.

Of course, all these figures will vary with different conditions of roads and weather. Untrained troops could not approach them until hardened. Though they might do better for a day or two, they could not keep up the steady pace of the seasoned regulars for a long distance. Marching with full equipment is hard physical work and, like every other form of labor, requires a proper period of training. The seasoned force will keep up a steady pace, with ten-minute halts every hour, a fifteen-minute stop being made at the end of the first half or three-quarters of an hour. Green troops are apt to straggle badly—Outing.

Deposits of coal in Missouri appear to have been known as early as 1806.

Douglasville, N. J., has a dwelling occupied continuously for 200 years.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NEGROES LYNCHED BY FLORIDA MOB

THREE MEN AND TWO WOMEN TAKEN FROM JAIL AND HANGED.

Gainesville, Fla., Aug. 19.—Five negroes, three men and two women, were taken from the jail at Newberry, Fla., early to-day and hanged by a mob and another negro was shot and killed by deputy sheriffs near Jonesville, Fla., as the result of the killing yesterday of Constable S. G. Wynne and the shooting of Dr. L. G. Harris by Boissey Long, a negro. The lynched negroes were accused of aiding Long to escape.

Posses of several hundred men tonight are searching the woods about Newberry, eighteen miles from here, for trace of Long. Further trouble was feared.

Dispatches from Newberry to-night said that the mob that lynched the five negroes was composed of about 200 men and worked quietly and rapidly. After gaining entrance to the jail they took the victims about a mile from town and hanged all on one oak tree. Not a shot was fired, the dispatch said.

The negro shot near Jonesville also was said to have aided Long to escape.

Wynne and Dr. Harris were shot when they went to Long's home at Newberry early yesterday to arrest him on a charge of stealing hogs.

The Best Laxative.

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

A WOMAN'S DEFENSE OF THE BRUTES OF IOWA

In a letter to the Des Moines Register and Leader of June 11, Mrs. Eva Cooper, of Winchester, Ia., voiced her indignation at the attacks made by the suffragists upon the men who oppose woman suffrage. As one of the many women, who, according to the suffragists, "hug their chains," she speaks a redeeming word for the "brutes" of her State. She says:

"Can any woman sit silently by while the man she loves with so happily, as a comrade, the father she adores, and the big son she mothers so tenderly, are publicly branded with that term?"

"I walked down the street the day before Mothers' day this year and among the hurly-burly of a farmers' Saturday afternoon, with its hurrying crowds, one might catch here and there a gleam of a white and the glow of a red carnation. Peeping from the tissue paper wrappings many a soft petal rested on the rough coat sleeve of some son of a dear mother, who carried it to do honor to her memory on the morrow."

"On another Saturday night just before Christmas we stood in one of the crowded aisles of a Des Moines 10-cent store. A few women and girls crowded past, but the most were men spending the few cents they could spare from the week's savings. Were they before the men's wear counters buying ties and socks? They were looking at dolls and go-carts and tops. Fancy a brute looking at a w'de-eyed, frowsy-haired dol-

"And there among the others was a pale, round-shouldered man, white, with the white of one who works under-ground. Under his eyes were the shadows made by the coal in which he delved; but in his eyes was that other shadow which presaged that another Christmastide would scarcely dawn for him. He was looking at a toy engine, with gray red wheels, attached to a train of real cars. Under his arm was an awkward package from which protruded a leg of a wooden horse. In his hand was a bag of candy.

"How much?" he asked the clerk. Her answer was drowned in the store noise, but he heard, for he shook his head and turned away. Then he turned back and looked again—a wistful look, one for the poor little boy who used to want toys himself, and another for the little lad at home who was waiting to see what Santa would bring.

"Not able to buy it! On his last Christmas, too. Poor brute!"

"This is the commencement season. All over Iowa today busy mothers are taking the last stitches in the soft, white gowns and fashioning the blue and pink ribbon into dainty, extravagant bows.

"But back of the mothers stand a proud line of fathers, with willing

hands on open purses, because 'next week my little girl graduates from high school. My, my how time flies. Yesterday I bought her first pair of roller skates—to day she wants a wrist watch. How they do grow up! Next year we'll send her away to college if I can see my way clear to do it.' The old brute!

"Our men of Iowa have made us good men. We have a widows' pension law. We have a dower right for women. We have a prohibitory law. Thanks to the brutes of Iowa.

"We respect you and honor you, our Iowa men, but, what is more, we trust you. You may make the laws, we will keep the homes.

"Ask your wife if she cares to mix in politics. Did your mother wish it? Does your daughter who talks so glibly of women's rights know two real facts about it?"

WAR DEPARTMENT TO ADOPT NEW SHOES FOR SOLDIERS

Our expedition into Mexico has conclusively proved that the shoe now used by the American soldier, and pronounced by medical authorities to be one of the most nearly perfect models ever designed, is entirely unfit for the rigorous of campaigning. As a result the quartermaster corps has developed a new shoe which retains the lines of the old, but embodies the good features of those worn by French and Belgian fighters. Several hundred pairs are now being tried out on the Mexican border, and if they prove satisfactory, will undoubtedly be adopted for field service. This will mean that the army will return to its former practice of issuing two types of shoes to soldiers, and that the present one will be retained for garrison wear. The shoes worn by our soldiers at present are lined and this has been the cause of their failure. On long marches, and especially after becoming wet, the lining wears through quickly with the result that bruised, sore feet have menaced Pershing's forces ever since they crossed into the sandy wastes to the south. The new shoe is unlined, of the blucher type, and has the smooth surface of the leather on the inside next the foot. The quarter extends to the sole, while the stiff counter is on the outside, as is the foxing. This construction is opposite to that of the ordinary boot. The sole is of double thickness and has 54 round-headed hobnails, while the heel has 15 of these in addition to a horseshoe-shaped steel plate. Since the unfinished, or flesh side, of the leather is turned out, the shoe is about the color of buckskin.—Popular Mechanics.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh's Catarrh Cure is the only positive, certain remedy for the malady. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Catarrh's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any man to fail to cure. Send for list of testimonial.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Taka Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Apt Pupil.

A well known lawyer tells this good story of his efforts to instruct his office boy. One morning in mid-summer the young master-of-millions-to-be blew into the office, tossed his cap at a hook, and announced: "Say Mr. Blank, they're a ball game down't the park today an' I'm goin' down."

The attorney was willing, but thought a lesson in good manners would not be amiss. "Jimmy," he said kindly, "that is not the way to ask a favor. Now you come over here and sit down and I'll show you how to do it." The boy took the office chair and his employer picked up the cap and stepped outside. Then he opened the door softly, walked quietly to the opposite side of the room, hung the cap securely on the hook and, turning, said to the small boy in the big chair: "Please, sir, there is a ball game at the park today. If you can spare me I would like to get away for the afternoon." In a flash the boy replied: "Why, certainly, Jimmie, and here is 50 cents to pay your way in."—Christian Herald.

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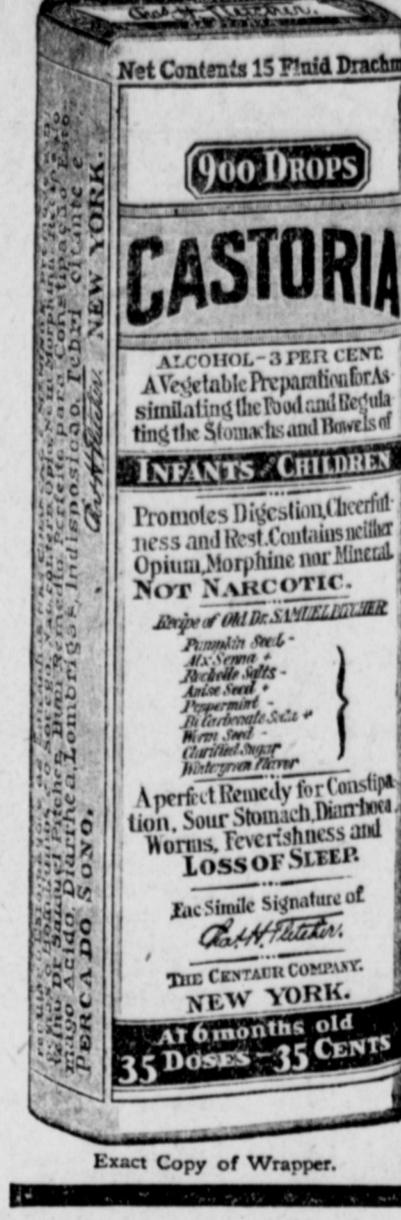
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CASTORIA</h

FIRE DESTROYS CLASSIC FORESTS

HEAVILY WOODED SLOPES OF GREECE MADE NAKED BY FLAMES.

SUMMER PALACE BURNS

King Constantine's Villa Is Ash Heap
—Ruler Saved By Corporal's Heroism.

Athens, Aug. 19.—The wonderful forest of Tatoi, the pride of the late King George of Greece, and the summer residence of his son, King Constantine, is no more. The once heavily wooded slopes of Mt. Parnes are as naked today as those of Mt. Pentelic or any other of the Attic hills. The tens of thousands of dollars spent in cultivating a flourishing pine wood, as an example of what might be done with forestry in barren Attica, have been burned up as completely as if the bank themselves had been thrown in the fire. The lives of three officers, 120 soldiers and an unknown number of shepherds and villagers have added tragedy to the disaster.

King Constantine's Villa is a heap of ashes. Even the age-old pines surrounding the grave of King George were felled to save the tomb itself from desecration. Only the old king's palace, now the property of the Dowager Queen Olga, remains, saved by the fact that an open space had been left about the building for the sake of the view.

Over a month of unprecedented drought in Greece and a consistent mean temperature in the neighborhood of 110 degrees in the shade has turned the whole of Greece into a basket of dried chips. For a fortnight before the fire at Tatoi reports had been coming in from Missolonghi, Patras, Megara and the forest of Thebes, Kineta, Chalois, Camariza, Trichonia, Manes, Pyrgos, Agoulinitsa and the Island of Syros of forest fires in which millions of trees were being destroyed. The fire at Megara and in the forest of Kineta still raged and is already greater in extent than that at Tatoi.

It was only upon the morning of the 14th, however, that the general plague spread to the vicinity of the capital. The fire is supposed to have started near the ancient fortress known as the Palaeokastro of Katsimidi, in a defile near the summit of Mt. Parnes, only some four miles as the wind blows from the Chateau of Dekelia at Tatoi. In a few hours the flames spread over an advancing front of six miles and were sweeping down the slopes of Mt. Parnes, where Sophocles lies buried, with the royal summer place directly in their path.

At once the order was given to remove the furniture of the royal villa to Athens. The king himself, accompanied by the chief of his personal bodyguard, Capt. Elite Chrysopatidis, by Lieut. Col. Dallaporta and Lieut. Kouloumopoulos, took automobiles and went toward the advancing flames. Four regiments of infantry were ordered from Athens and one from Chalcis to try to stop the fire, but the parched pines were like tinder and nothing could be done. The acrid smoke obscured everything, sweeping in clouds even to Athens. An entire company of infantry was surrounded by the fire, few escaped unscathed and some 20 burned beyond recognition.

The flames approached so rapidly the place where King Constantine and his three companies were stationed that the sovereign found his retreat cut off, and was forced to leap down some 18 feet into a gully, spraining his ankle so badly that it was with the greatest difficulty that he was able to proceed further. Corporal Alexiadis came upon the monarch in this state and half carrying him managed to get the king to a place of safety. King Constantine has made the corporal a knight of the Order of the Savior for his heroism.

Meanwhile Col. Dallaporta, Capt. Chrysopatidis and Lieut. Kouloumopoulos, blinded by the smoke, were unable to find their way out of the forest. All three were burned alive.

At five o'clock in the afternoon it was deemed necessary for the queen and her children to flee Tatoi for Athens. An hour and a half later the king himself was forced to leave, after having given orders to cut the trees around his father's tomb, to isolate it from the flames. By night the fire had cut the Northern Rail-way to Larissa and destroyed the telephone and telegraph wires. The whole sky to the north of Athens was reddened by the flames, which rapidly approached Kephissia, seven and a half miles from Tatoi and only eight and a half miles from Athens.

A Te Deum was held in the cathe-

dral for the saving of the lives of the king and the royal family, and a state funeral service, attended by all the members of the royal family save the king, confined to the palace by his swollen ankle, for the three officers who had lost their lives in the flames. As many bodies of soldiers as had been found up to yesterday were also interred, most of them so charred as to render identification impossible. More bodies are being brought in, but few are recognizable.

Some 100,000 trees were destroyed as well as four small villages. In the royal garage, seven automobiles were burnt. The royal villa was insured for \$40,000. King Constantine and his family will move into the Chateau of Dekelia, the property of Queen Olga, who is now in Russia.

The site of Tatoi has played a large part in the history of Greece. Here at the suggestion of Alcibiades, the Spartans established themselves in 413 B. C. to cut off the supply of grain and foodstuffs bound into Athens from Eubea, with the purpose of starving out the Athenian population. And in 404 B. C., while Lysander blockaded Athens and the Piraeus by sea, the Spartans descended from the vicinity of Tatoi, attacked and forced the capitulation of Athens, ending the Peloponnesian war.

"MANICURING" A CAPTIVE LEOPARD'S CLAWS

The task of trimming the claws of a wild beast in a "zoo" is a rather strenuous one, as is shown by the manner in which "Dick," the seven-year-old leopard in Central Park, New York, is treated when his claws are cut short. At a recent "manicuring" the animal was thrown on his side close to the front of his cage so that one front leg and one hind leg projected under the frame supporting the iron bars. The two legs were then drawn out their full length by ropes fastened just above the paws and tied to an outer railing, making it impossible for the animal to move. In this position the keepers were able, with scissors and other instruments, to undertake in safety the trimming so essential to the leopard's comfort.

BEN BOLT.

(Thomas Dunn English.)
Don't you remember Sweet Alice,
Ben Bolt,—

Sweet Alice, whose hair was so brown,
Who wept with delight when you gave her a smile,
And trembled with fear at your frown?

In the old churchyard in the valley,
Ben Bolt,

In a corner obscure and alone,
They have fitted slab of the granite so gray,
And Alice lies under the stone.

Under the hickory tree Ben Bolt,
Which stood at the foot of the hill,
Together we've lain in the noon-day shade,

And listened to Appleton's mill.
The mill-wheel has fallen to pieces,
Ben Bolt,

The rafters have tumbled in,
And a quiet which crawls around the walls as you gaze
Has followed the olden din.

Do you mind of the cabin of logs,
Ben Bolt,

At the edge of the pathless wood,
And the button-ball tree with its motley limbs,

Which nigh by the doorstep stood?
The cabin to ruin has gone, Ben Bolt,

The tree you would seek for in vain;

And where once the lords of the forest waved
Are grass and the golden grain.

And don't you remember the school,
Ben Bolt,

With the master so cruel and grim,
And the shaded nook in the running brook

Where the children went to swim?

Grass grows on the master's grave,
Ben Bolt,

The spring of the brook is dry,
And of all the boys who were schoolmates then

There are only you and I.

There is change in the things I loved, Ben Bolt,

They have changed from the old to the new;

But I feel in the depths of my spirit the truth,

There never was change in you.

Twelve months twenty have past,

Ben Bolt,

Since first we were friends—yet I hail

Your presence a blessing, your friendship a truth,

Ben Bolt of the salt sea gale.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SEES SIGNS OF FAILING MORALE

NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT
INTERVIEWS GERMAN PRISONERS.

Paris, Aug. 19.—"For the first time during the war," writes a correspondent of a Paris newspaper, who has had opportunity to talk to Germans captured in one of the battles on the Somme, "have I found among prisoners any sign of failing morale."

"There were prisoners there of ages varying from eighteen to forty-eight, fathers who had been defeated side by side with their sons. In many of them I found weariness of the long, useless efforts, weariness because of loss of confidence in their officers and leaders."

"For the first time did I hear words like these:

"We were at Hardecourt, in the Sabot wood, when we were subjected to a dreadful bombardment. The shells literally fell on the ground in heaps. We were there without any cover whatever. The few dugouts were occupied by our officers, who remained underground. We did not know where to go, so we ran in disorder along the long communication trench, attempting to escape from the avalanche. Not one word of command was given en—"

Lives Over Terrible Scene.

"It was a little, old man who spoke these words, bowing his head with sorrow. It was evident that he was living over again the whole terrible scene.

"A boy was taken before the Alsatian officers who acted as interpreters to be examined. His lean cheeks which had never felt the touch of a razor were covered with a redish, down-like growth of hair.

"The French were about eight hundred yards away," he said. "They advanced in front and on our banks at the same time. They came down upon us. The part of our regiment which was still intact was in the trench. We had been sent there after our artillery had started to fire at another part of the field. When we looked across the parapet we could just see the French soldiers very far off. Still, our Lieutenant and the commander of our company agreed that it was of no use to fight, so we put down our arms. It was fully half an hour later that the French soldiers arrived and we were made prisoners."

"The tone in which this boy spoke showed plainly enough that until then he had had another conception of the duties of an officer. It was the first time he took their true measure but he was not alone in doing so. The little old soldier I just mentioned held the same opinion of the conduct of his officers and so we have found so many of the prisoners we have taken in Picardy.

Something Radically Wrong.
"This judgment, which is not formulated in words, is all the more damning. When men who possess so little intelligence and personality as these prisoners, and who have been under such iron discipline, begin to sit in judgment on officers who stand so far above them on the human and social ladder, it means that something must have gone radically wrong in the very solidly constructed engine which is called the German army."

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Ladders For Fish.
Do you know that fish actually jump one hundred-foot dams in their migrations each spring to the headwaters of the rivers in which they spawn?

Of course, this one hundred-foot jump is not made all in one leap, but in a number of short leaps of eight inches each. This feat is made possible by what is called a fish ladder.

This ladder must be placed in all river dams in which fish, such as salmon, swim up to the river heads to spawn. Fish will not spawn any-

where except in the still headwaters, and it is necessary that they arrive there with the least exertion. The Government makes it obligatory that at least one fish ladder be built into every dam across such rivers.

Fish ladders, while they may be built of wood, stone or concrete, according to the material of which the dam is constructed, are all alike in principle and consist of a trough which begins at water level on the low side of the dam and then extends upward in several zig-zag steps to a point below the water level on the upside of the stream. Water enters at the top and flows down and out at the bottom. Its flow, however, is not free like that in a sluice, but is retarded by means of cross-pieces at regular intervals in the trough.

The water in the ladder is continually flowing down and out at the bottom, forming a running stream, up which the fish may swim with a choice of passing from the first pool to the next and so on up by swimming thru the bottom notches or jumping thru the top notches from one pool to the next higher one. The jump in the latter case is not more than eight inches and can be done easily by almost any kind of fish.—Popular Science Monthly.

THE PETTICOAT.

(Minna Irving, in New York Times.)

Lost: a silken petticoat,
Or maybe it was lawn,
With ribbon running thru the flounce
As rosy as the dawn,
A darling, dainty petticoat,
A fluff of frosty lace,
With dear, delicious satin bows
To keep the frill in place.

Lost: Louisa's petticoat,
That rippled round her feet,
And gave a tantalizing glimpse
Of slender ankles neat,
And flashing buckles on the toes
Of slippers trim and small,
For since the narrow skirts came in
She wears it not at all.

BABY MUSSELS TO AVERT BUTTON FAMINE

A great laboratory has been established on the Mississippi River, says the National Geographic Magazine, where experiments have been in progress to determine how the pearly mussels may be artificially increased so that the many factories buttons thereto may not have to shut down following the exhaustion of the mussel beds by unregulated fishing.

An entirely new problem in aquiculture was here presented, and has now been satisfactorily solved through the discovery that the young mussels, while still in a microscopic larval stage, must attach themselves to the gills of particular fishes in order to develop, and that unless the fishes for which the different kinds of mussels have a selective affinity are available none of the young will survive.

The fish hosts of the various important button-making mussels have been determined and it is the province of the laboratory to provide those fishes and have them inoculate themselves by swimming in tanks or ponds in which the spawning mussels have been placed. When a fish is sufficiently infested, it is turned loose in the river, and in a few weeks the young mussels, having attained a proper development, become detached from the gills, fall to the bottom of the stream, and begin their independent existence.

Bad to Have a Cold Hang On.

Don't let your cold hang on, rack your system and become chronic when Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will help you. It heals the inflammation, soothes the cough and loosens the phlegm. You breathe easier at once. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is a laxative Tar Syrup, the pine tar balsam heals the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents irritation of the bronchial tubes. Just get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey today, its guaranteed to help you. At drug-gists.

A Cloudburst.

I had not known much about cloudbursts, until during a trip to West Virginia when I was shown a washout on the mountain side which I was told was caused by a cloudburst. Even then I did not realize what a cloudburst really was. I assumed that a cloudburst was an actual deluge poured from the clouds as one would pour water from a tub, but this was erroneous. A cloudburst means a monstrous, marvelous fall of water, the fall being in the usual manner only of greater volume.

We had at Green's Fruit Farm this spring more cloudbursts than ever before that I can recall. Even the highlands were too wet to be plowed or cultivated. Lower lands that were prepared for planting to trees, vines and plants were flooded with several feet of water. Not far distant from Green's farm there was a gully farm so filled with gravel from an adjacent slope the farm was

Ladies' Shirt Waist Sale

\$1.25	Shirt Waist	=	=	89c
\$1.00	" "	=	=	75c
75c	" "	=	=	50c
50c	" "	=	=	39c

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destroyed, having no soil on which plants can grow for many years to come. No storm or cloudburst has been so severe as this during 1

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 25.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.

For Vice President,
CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS.

For Congress,
JOHN P. HASWELL, JR.

For County Attorney,
A. D. KIRK.

WHAT ABOUT THIS?

"We favor a single Presidential term, and to that end urge the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution making the President of the United States ineligible for reelection, and we pledge the candidate of this convention to this principle.—From the Democratic platform adopted at Baltimore in 1912. Yet Woodrow Wilson is the Democratic nominee for a second term. What will the voters do about it?

Ru— seems to have a mania for war, too.

The European world's series has apparently gone into extra innings.

Probably Wilson wants a railroad strike so Hughes can't get to Kentucky September 5th.

No wonder Brooklyn is at the top in the National League race when she has Wheat in the field.

Puffed up? Well, I should say. We have received a leap year proposal. Announcement will probably follow later.

South America shilly purchased a peck of beans from us the other day. Come on kid, we are good people to trade with.

Guardsmen on the border have been paid six dollars each since being ordered out. Not much stake for a three-months crap game.

Corn is shocked and it only has ears. What would the poor stalks do if they had eyes and could see the other half of the new hose? Or the half where the other half would be if it was.

Columbus stood on the deck calmly sweeping the seas with his powerful glasses. He uttered an exclamation and called to a group of his subordinate officers, who, seeing the troubled look upon their leader's brow, came hurriedly forward. It was coming toward them and they could see the waves from the poll-like object as it pushed its way through the water. "A submarine," they cried, and plunged head-long into the ocean. (To be continued.)

Things are humming around the Republican campaign headquarters in the Seaboard at Louisville these days. All hands are busy preparing for Mr. Hughes' visit to Kentucky, September 5. They say, too, that some stringent rules are being enforced at headquarters. The boys are very urgent in their invitations to visitors, but if it's a drink that you are looking for you had better stop on the first floor for they do say that not a drop is allowed in the suite. Rather hard on we country fellows when visiting in the city but a mighty good idea, and unique, too, in political headquarters.

The child labor bill passed the house Friday and now awaits the signature of the President. If the measure becomes a law it will bar products of any mine or quarry employing children under 16 years and products of any mill, cannery, work shop, factory or manufacturing establishment employing children under 14, or which employs children between 14 and 16 more than eight hours a day, more than six days a week or earlier than 6 o'clock in the morning or later than 7 o'clock in

the evening. The main opposition to the bill came from the Southern States, their representatives charging that the cotton mill owners would be seriously affected. If the measure is signed by the President it will become a law a year from the date of signature.

BECKHAM'S STAND.

Senator Beckham lined up with Republicans Tuesday in their fight for a much needed immigration law. Other Senators voting with the solid G. O. P., were Ashurst, Chamberlain, Calberson, Hardwick, Lane, Myers, Overman, Smith and Vardaman. Kentuckians of all parties who want the amazing flow of illiterate, filthy, low-bred foreigners; scum of the earth so to speak, cut off rejoice that Mr. Beckham and his handful of colleagues have not allowed the disciples of Woodrow Wilson to choke them into submission.

Every passenger ship that drops anchor in American waters after crossing the seas deposits from its steerage loads of undesirables. Intellectually undeveloped they seek to replace American laborers. They learn just enough here to be dangerous and sometimes drives of them strike, kill and loot at the command of a roughneck leader. We bend on our knees to drink dry the pond of illiteracy but even while we drink it swells to larger proportions so fast is it fed by the stream of ignorant foreigners. And Woodrow Wilson, the President of these United States; he who proclaims, "Americanism," refuses to take the first step towards "pure Americanism."

An immigration bill, containing an illiteracy clause, was passed by Congress not long ago but Wilson vetoed it on the grounds that it contained the illiteracy test, the very thing that we want and the very thing that we'll have, thank God, when we elect a President.

It's not a yellow peril, nor a black peril, nor a peril of any particular color; but simply a peril. A peril to the working man, a peril to society, a peril to business and a peril to the nation. We should consult no one as to their views in regard to our permitting these low-browed foreigners entering the United States no more than we should ask who we might bar from the doors of our homes. It is needed legislation that is bound to come and we are glad to see men like Mr. Beckham championing, with Republicans, its cause.

If war comes to the United States in the near future a test will be necessary to ascertain who are Americans. The test had better be made now that we may see who are worthy of being Americans and let those who object join hands with the Hapsburg and Hohenzollern and obey the commands of Watterson.

PLAYING FOR LABOR VOTE.
Bandits from a foreign nation dashed across the American border, killed Americans, respecting no age or sex; they destroyed property, looted and vanquished. American soldiers were sent in pursuit by the President of the United States with the avowed intention of capturing, dead or alive, the bandit leader. The Mexican government, a measly excuse, itself unable to cope with the situation ordered the law and order expedition to retrace its steps. We arbitrate.

Railroad employees make demands upon their employers and threaten a nation-wide strike unless their demands are met. The employers refuse and are backed by the President of the United States, the same official who was willing to arbitrate with what he calls the Mexican government when there was doubt in the world but what we were right.

Mr. Wilson demanded that the railroad operators comply immediately with the demands and absolutely refuses them the right of arbitration, a thing unheard of. He tells them that the American people have a right to expect his plans to be accepted, and in the next breath hints that the railroads will be allowed to raise their freight rates. The American people, God bless them, would no doubt, be delighted to have their freight rates increased.

What the American people have a right to expect is a square deal for all concerned, and it seems that the surest of giving it is for both parties to lay their complaints before a board of arbitration. Let the President be present at the hearing, but by all means such a precedent as the refusal of arbitration should not be set. No one within the borders of this great land should be denied the opportunity of telling his story. It is the very democracy upon which the country stands.

Wilson thinks he sees an opportunity of getting the labor vote and like a drowning man he grabs at the splinter. But the splinter is likely to prove a thorn for the voting public is not deceived. They don't want their freight rates on fertilizer, seeds and merchandise of all kinds raised when it might be avoided by arbitration.

PRESTIGE OF U. S. IS LOWERED

SAYS HUGHES IN A RINGING SPEECH BEFORE RENO AUDIENCE.

CUT ALMOST IN HALF

Failure To Protect American Citizens In Mexico Unbecoming to Our National Dignity.

Reno, Nev., Aug. 23.—Charles Evans Hughes said in an address delivered here late today that the prestige of the United States has been cut practically in half as a result of its dealings with Mexico. The nominee reiterated his previous declarations for an adequate protective tariff and again took the Administration to task for retiring trained men from diplomatic service "to make room for six men without any special qualifications other than party loyalty."

Mr. Hughes said he deplored the fact that the present Administration has "to such a large degree disregarded and violated the principles of our merit system." "We can have peace without trouble in this country," said the nominee, in discussing the Mexican situation. "Only inexcusable blundering would get us into war. We don't want anything; we have got all we need; we are nonaggressive; we are not seeking trouble; we are not trying to exploit anybody. We simply want to go ahead in our peaceful pursuit of our ideals and have prosperity."

Prestige Lowered.

"But that does not mean that our rights are to be ignored, that we are to be lacking in the protection of those rights that are known to pertain to American citizens. Our conduct in Mexico in failing to protect the rights of our citizens down there cut down our international prestige, I should say practically one-half. It is a very serious thing for a nation to be known as willing to forego those primary obligations of maintaining the rights of its citizens which every nation has."

Mr. Hughes said that in other nations diplomacy is a great profession; that men enter the lower grades and are promoted until they reach the highest opportunities of diplomatic agency. "We were making a fine start in that way," he continued. "We had a number of men who started in the lower ranks, men who had gone thru several grades, starting in as attachés or secretaries, appointed to this place or that place obtaining a splendid résumé, a very important knowledge and training. And it has been lamentable to see under this Administration man after man of that description removed from the service, taken right out after years of devotion to the service, and retired only to make room for men without any special qualifications, other than party loyalty. That was done conspicuously in Latin-America, despite our profession of a desire to cultivate the closest relations with Latin America, the importance of which is very obvious."

How is the great U. S. the exemplar of Republican institutions to stand before our sister republics in this hemisphere if we play politics with the agencies of diplomatic intercourse and fail to honor training and experience? That sort of thing won't do. If you put me in office I pledge you that we will see to it that we are represented by men who will commend themselves to the countries where they serve and raise the standard of our diplomacy."

Reason For Protection.

Mr. Hughes again gave his reasons for favoring a protective tariff and then said: "Our friends still insist that we shall not foster industry by the tariff. Why, if we proceed to their theory what would become of the industries of the state of Nevada. What would become of the protection necessary for the enterprises of California. This whole section of the country needs the fostering care of government, not that we should have private persons secure an unfair advantage at the public expense. But we should have fairly applied a principle which makes and diffuses all over the country a condition where wages are higher and standards of living are higher than those in any other part of the world."

Mr. Hughes held a night meeting in the Majestic Theater. He left this city for Ogden, Utah, at 9 o'clock.

A Spy's Fate in 1777.
A curious and unfamiliar page in American history shows that the treatment of the spy was as prompt and rigorous then as it is today among the powers of the great war. Every American schoolboy knows the fate of Major Andre, but few know

of any others, with perhaps the exception of Nathan Hale, executed by the British as a spy. In the second year of our Revolutionary war Gen. Israel Putnam caught a man lurking about his post at Peekskill, on the Hudson. A flag of truce came from Sir Henry Clinton, claiming the prisoner as Lieut. Palmer, of the British service. The answer of the stout old general was brief and to the point:

"Headquarters, 7th August, 1777.—Edmund Palmer, an officer in the enemy's service, was taken as a spy lurking within our lines. He has been tried as a spy, condemned as a spy, and shall be executed as a spy; and the flag is ordered to depart immediately."

"ISRAEL PUTNAM.

"P. S.—He has, accordingly, been executed."

VETOES ARMY BUDGET.

Wilson Says Bill Failed To Provide Discipline.

Washington, Aug. 20.—In protest against a provision which removes retired army officers from liability to service and from army discipline, President Wilson today vetoed the army bill, thus sending back to Congress the appropriation measure which carried \$300,000,000 for the preparedness program.

At the time that this "joker" was inserted in the army bill the circumstances said to surround its introduction were published. Representative Hay of Virginia, chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, was author of the provision and he slipped it in quietly while the bill was in conference, thus preventing debate upon the provision in both the House and Senate.

It was said that Hay did this particularly to relieve from liability under the articles of war his friend, Maj. Gen. Fred C. Ainsworth, who is reported to be writing a book giving his side of his old feud in the War Department with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood. Hay denies that this was his motive.

President Wilson's action was unexpected, although the opposition of the War Department to this and other provisions favorable inserted by Hay have been well known.

When the news reached the House Hay reintroduced the bill in the House without the provision containing the articles of war. In his veto message President Wilson particularly asked for the inclusion of the articles of war as being essential to proper army reorganization.

INFANTILE PLAGUE MAKES APPEARANCE IN MEXICO

Mexico City, via Galveston, Tex., August 20.—Several cases of infantile paralysis have appeared at points on the Tehuantepec Isthmus. The sanitary authorities are taking energetic steps to prevent a spread of the plague to other parts of Mexico.

Twenty-five of the best physicians in Mexico City departed last night for Puerto Mexico to direct the fight against the plague. The Board of Health is sending the sanitary corps to assist the physicians to stamp out the disease.

Officials here believe the plague has been imported from New York. The quarantine against the port has been strengthened the last two months.

More than 600 families who left Mexico owing to the fear of a Mexican-American war have returned through Vera Cruz.

A. S. of E. Stock Shipping Notice.

The A. S. of E. Stock Committee will ship again August 29, provided enough is reported for car. All those wishing to ship should report to the committee at once.

S. L. STEVENS,
H. M. FIRTLE,
Committee.

TOLEDO POLICE FORCE

CUT: CROOKS HAVE ORGY

Toledo, O., Aug. 22.—Toledo crooks took advantage last night of the reduced police force which went into effect early in the evening. More than 100 robberies, such as hold-ups, house breaking, pocket-picking and other minor crimes were reported up to 3 o'clock this morning. There were but few arrests.

The city's police force was cut one-third its normal quota because of a shortage of funds, caused in a measure by failure of two recent bond issues totaling nearly \$2,000,000.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of George W. Maddox, deceased, must present same to me at my home near Washington church, Hartford, Route 5, Ohio county, Ky., or to Attorneys' Woodward & Kirk, Hartford, Ky., for payment, properly verified as required by law, within 60 days from this date, or be forever thereafter barred.

Given under my hand this August 4th, 1916.

G. E. SMITH, Admr.

The New Fall Lines Are Arriving Daily.

And, of course, our first thought is to get rid of our Summer Goods and make room for Fall Goods.

Our Entire Stock of Lawns at Reduced Prices.

5c Lawns at 31-2c.....per yard.
10c Lawns at 71-2cper yard.
15c Lawns at 10c.....per yard.
25c Lawns at 15c.....per yard.

Also our line of Fancy Parasols at great reduction.

We have received a shipment of New Fall Ginghams for School Dresses. Get the kiddies ready in time.

27-inch Fine Fall Toile de Nord splendid pattern assortment, per yard 15c.

Carson & Co.
INCORPORATED
Hartford, Ky.

STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

I contend that not every 200-lb. lobster you meet, who is the husband of a 115-lb. wife, can sport a bunged-up eye, in fact it might be rather creditable.

We hardly know whether we are Democrat or Republican around the old joint as Democratic and Republican ink flowed freely over our presses this week. No, we haven't changed. Our neighbor merely had a break-down.

The tightest guy we know of is, a fellow who works the same job with you, who has spent several days in an oasis like Henderson, where Silk Velvet springs flow by day, and by night, where bottled in bond joy may be garnered by the barrel. Yes, it's this same guy who returns to the job and doesn't so much as give you a smile or even hand you a pleasant look. We are not calling names, because we don't exactly want the world to see him as we do.

A. Petty, of The Republican force, spent several days in Henderson lately, the guest of his wife.

In the absence of our Chief Cop, Hooker Williams, Wednesday afternoon, the blazing star, the insignia of the all-powerful job of cop-in-chief was placed upon the extended and mighty chest of A. Rial, Esq. Albert told me, confidentially, that Hooker wouldn't let him wear the star except when he thought there was going to be a hot time in the old town.

R. E. Lee Simmerman went to Owensboro Wednesday evening. Some one said Lee went over to search for that quarter he lost about a month ago. Mr. Simmerman took Hartford's chief of police and the best plumber he could find and as a result R. E. L. S. was seen in Hartford the next day O. K.

Ernest Birkhead says that it is about the right time of year for Martins to migrate.

The meanest trick perhaps, which has been played upon Fluke in a very long time, was pulled yesterday when some guinea sneaked into our private office in our absence and placed a bottle of Cooks Goldblume

under our chair and then in some manner decoyed a much respected preacher into said private office. Of course, when we twisted our chair around to greet said minister the dodged bottle had to roll out to the middle of the room.

Just why a couple would go thru life single and unattached to the age of 46 and 47 and then tie up hard and fast is more than we are able to understand.

WANTS NEWS OF HIS LONG-LOST FATHER

The following has been received by the Courier-Journal with the request that it be published:

<p

Big Reduction



Charming Effect in Georgette
McCall Pattern No. 7239, one of the
many new designs for September.

Now that the summer days will soon be a thing of the past, we are making big reductions in all spring and summer merchandise. Not too late for you to buy, but too late for us to replenish our fine summer stock, so every yard of our spring Merchandise is now reduced. Plenty of plain and fancy Voiles, Organdies, Lawns, etc., including the much-sought-for Awning Stripe Wide Stripe Skirtings, also white materials for skirts, as well as a complete line of Silks and Woolens.

Short Lengths

in Percales, GingKams, Etc., all very desirable for children's school wear.

SPECIAL OFFERING now in Children's Ladies' Men's LOW-CUT SHOES.

We carry McCall patterns in stock, and have a competent corps of salesladies to give you every attention. Don't forget this, and Remember that

It Pays To Trade With a House That Saves You Money.

FARR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 25.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch	8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch	7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch ..	3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington ..	5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington ..	5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville ..	7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ..	8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington ..	10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington ..	10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch ..	1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.	South Bound, No. 115—
	Due at Hartford.....
	8:45 a. m.
	North Bound, No. 114—
	Due at Hartford.....
	5:55 p. m.

(Both "Mixed Trains")

Personal News and Social Events.

Sheriff S. O. Keown is at Dawson for a few days.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook was in Owensboro Monday.

Mr. Orval Sosh, of Linton, Ind., visited his father here this week.

For Rent.—A 5-room cottage, 6 ft. good repair. Apply at this office 614.

Mr. Hamilton Morton, of Nashville, is visiting his sister, Mrs. B. W. Naper.

When in Hartford stop at the New Commercial Hotel, Isaac Foster, proprietor.

Mr. Lee Robertson left yesterday morning for Chicago, where he has a position.

A fine girl is a new arrival at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Duvic, East Hartford.

Miss Mary Anderson arrived Wednesday to be the guest of Miss Marjorie Holbrook.

Mr. Lucy Klein, of Bicknell, Ind., visited this, her old home town a few days this week.

Mr. J. W. Moseley made a business trip to Owensboro Monday, returning Tuesday.

Prof. J. D. Ford, a former Ohio county boy, but now of Bowling Green, has been engaged to teach the fall and winter term of school at No. 19.

Hartford Tuesday inspecting the local warehouse with the view of handling tobacco at this point during the coming season.

Miss Eva Maxindale, who was the guest of Mrs. Step Sosh this week, left yesterday morning for Livermore where she will visit before returning to Kansas.

President R. H. Ford and Mr. Henry Overstreet, of Owensboro, will, so it is announced, be present at the meeting of the Co-operative Tobacco Growers Association here on September 2nd.

Mr. Nathan Rosenblatt, of Clinton, Ind., formerly of Hartford, passed thru here Saturday with a motor party from Clinton en route to the Mammoth Cave.

Mr. Warren Benton, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who was born and reared in Ohio county, and was at one time a foreign missionary to China, is visiting friends and relatives in the Noxen community.

Miss Rose Ethelyn Collins gave an enjoyable lawn party at her home near Hartford on Wednesday evening. Among the large number of guests Misses Crombaugh and Mount, of Frankfort were present.

Misses Ruth and Lelia Petrie, who have been the guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fogle, left Wednesday afternoon for Louisville, where they will visit for a few days before returning to their home in Brazil, Ind.

Misses Mariam Holbrook, Mattie Duke, Lelia Glenn, Nancy Ford, Eva Maxindale and Messrs. Hamilton Morton, Estill Barnett, Sam Cook and Cecil Felix were guests at the theater party given by Mr. Orval Sosh at the Star Tuesday evening.

Mrs. A. M. Barnett, of near town, visited in Owensboro, first of the week. Mrs. Barnett's sister, Miss Mitie May, of St. Cloud, Fla., accompanied Mrs. Barnett home to remain until Saturday when she will leave for Memphis, Tenn., for a short visit before returning to her home.

Misses Ruth and Lelia Petrie were hostesses of a very enjoyable theatre party last Friday evening. After the show the guests were served with refreshments by Mrs. Glenn's Sunday School class in the basement of the Methodist church. The following enjoyed the hospitality of the Misses Petrie: Misses Lelia Glenn, Mary Bean, Evelyn Thomas, Lourine Collins, Burke Napier, Annie Rae Carson, Victoria Barnard, Sally May, Lelia Petrie and Ruth Petrie; Messrs. Parke Taylor, Glenn Tinsley, Edward Duke, Goebel Crowe, Larkin Griffin, Randall Watterson, Russell Pirtle, Berry Dudley Walker, Gayle Taylor and McDowell A. Fogle.

Dr. S. C. Baird made a professional trip to Buel Wednesday, returning yesterday.

Mrs. T. S. Marks and Misses Lettie, Margaret and Mary Marks were in Owensboro yesterday.

Attorney Ernest Woodward, of Henderson, is spending the week at his office in Hartford.

Special Deputy Banking Commissioner L. C. Brown, of McHenry, was in Hartford yesterday.

Mr. Glenn Tinsley left yesterday morning for Chicago to visit his brother, Mr. Raymer W. Tinsley.

Mrs. Frank May returned Wednesday after a visit with her sister, Mrs. R. M. Hunter, at Pleasant Ridge.

Miss Mattye Duke and Mr. Edward Duke will return today from a short visit to relatives at Dukehurst.

Mr. Marion Crowe left yesterday morning for Dayton, Ohio, after spending his vacation with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Barnes and children, Beaver Dam, are visiting the family of Mr. J. W. Moseley this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Timer Westerfield, of Nocreek, are the proud parents of a fine boy. Timer, Jr., made his advent on Tuesday, last.

Miss Margaret Williamson, of Wysox, arrived Wednesday to visit Miss Lelia Glenn and other Hartford friends.

Messrs. S. P. McDowell, J. Ellis Mitchell, H. C. Acton and Esq. W. S. Dean, of Dundee, were here on business first of the week.

Mrs. Mamie Felix and children, Pauline and Wilbur, of Owensboro, are visiting friends and relatives in Hartford and vicinity.

Miss Hetty Riley, Mamie Shown, Tina Yeiser and Verna Duke were the week-end guests of Mrs. Z. H. Shultz at Pleasant Ridge.

Mrs. D. L. Johnson and daughter, Mrs. Wayman Cooper and little Miss Louise Cooper, of Evansville, Ind., are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Riley.

Dr. and Mrs. Nestor Barnett and daughter, of Caneysville, will motor thru Saturday to visit the family of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Barnett, of near town.

Messrs. J. M. Vaughan, Henderson Murphree, H. E. Evans and Alton Haynes, of the Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Company, Owensboro, were in

WALTER HUBBARD DEAD

Former Hartford Boy Dies In Chicago Hospital—Mother Present.

Walter Hubbard, son of the well remembered E. C. Hubbard, who left Hartford in his boyhood days, died in the Presbyterian Hospital at Chicago last Friday. Mrs. E. C. Hubbard, his mother, had gone to Chicago from Hartford to be at the bedside. She was recognized by her dying son, but he could only talk in a whisper.

While in Ogden, Utah, Mr. Hubbard was stricken with an affliction of the glands of the neck which caused partial paralysis. He went to Chicago and entered the hospital, but medical attention failed to overcome the trouble.

Mr. Hubbard was born in Hartford and made this his home several years after reaching manhood. He was a graduate of law school but did not care to pursue the profession. He was 48 years old at the time of his death and was single. His remains were interred in Glen Ellen cemetery, Chicago, where his father was buried years ago.

Mrs. Hubbard has returned to her home.

Sam Rowan Dies Suddenly.

Sam Rowan, a prominent farmer, of Heflin, died at his home Saturday about noon after an illness that started while he was chopping out corn only a few minutes before. When he began feeling bad he left the corn field and went to the lawn where he sat down on the grass. He called for a drink of water and before it could be handed to him he had fallen over and was found to be dead.

Mr. Rowan was 38 years old at the time of his death and leaves a wife and two children, also three sisters and two brothers. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Butler Rowan, deceased.

The funeral services were held at Goshen church Sunday afternoon and a large crowd of friends attended. Rev. B. W. Napier, Mr. Rowan's pastor, conducted the services. The Woodmen of the World, of which the deceased was a loyal member, also took part in the funeral and burial.

Nearly Fatal Accident.

An infant about 14 or 15 months of age, child of Mr. and Mrs. Lon Austin, of near town, came near losing its life yesterday by falling into a tub of water over which it had climbed. The child was discovered just in time to prevent a tragedy.

CHARGES GIRL WITH SHOOTING POLICEMAN

Whitesburg, Ky., Aug. 22.—The grand jury today returned an indictment against Miss Mary Fuzzan, 16 years old, who is charged with fatally shooting J. Martin Wright, a Jenkins policeman, two weeks ago. Wright was probing the illicit whisky traffic in the coal fields when he was shot. He was taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital at Lexington for treatment.

Physicians said his recovery is impossible. He was returned to Jenkins.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED SINCE OUR LAST REPORT

Jesse Caysinger, Deanfield, to Esie Nave, Deanfield.

Bluford Craig, Hartford, R. 6, to Lallie Sharp, Hartford, R. 6.

W. P. Smith, Fordsville, to Ella Petty, Narrows.

Onice Whitehouse, Fordsville, to Beatrice Coppage, Dundee.

Loans wanted in Muhlenberg, McLean, Daviess, Webster, Butler and Ohio counties on good first-class real estate for 5 years.

W. H. PARKS,
513p F. L. TAYLOR, Admr.

Sugar, Cheapest in The Country.

For a short time we will give with each 16 size, 7-jewel Elgin, Silvertone Case Watch at \$5.50, an order for \$1.00 worth, 12-lbs. of Sugar at J. C. Iler's. This is to introduce this new model neat, durable, fine time-keeping Gents' Watch, which used to sell at \$7.00. If you ever intend to own a watch, don't let this pass, as the like is rarely offered.

Also just received a splendid line of fine Watches, Watch Bracelets, Jewelry, Kodaks, Films and Supplies and if you buy any of these before seeing our line, you loose. Prompt attention given mail and telephone orders. We test eyes and fit glasses.

J. B. TAPPAN,
Jeweler and Optician,
Hartford, Ky.

SHOOTS WIDOW, SELF WHEN SHE REFUSES TO WED HIM

Mixed Rags, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.; Mixed Iron, 20c per 100 lbs.; Copper Plate, 20c per 100 lbs. Copper, Brass, Zinc and Rubber at market price. Corn at 85c bushel.

D. L. D. SANDEFUR,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

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WANTED.

Wanted

FARM DEPARTMENT

Hogs on Pasture.

The cost of pork is reduced materially by the use of pasture and forage crops, but it is desirable to feed grain or other concentrated feed in addition. In some sections of the country where pastures are luxuriant, mature hogs are maintained in an apparently satisfactory condition on pasture alone. This practice should not be followed, however, in the case of young, growing pigs, because they will become thin in flesh and stunted if compelled to live on pasture alone.

Hog raisers differ widely regarding the quantity of grain that should be fed to hogs while on pasture. Some feeders give them all they will consume. Others feed a ration equal to about 2 to 3 per cent of the live weight of the hog. Still others will allow pigs to run on pasture and feed them a 1 per cent gain ration. There is no fixed rule governing the supplementary grain ration which should be fed in combination with forage. The amount of grain fed depends upon the kind of pasture used, the price of grain, and the market.

Pasture forage has a variable composition. Alfalfa, clover, vetch, and peas furnish feed much richer in protein than most other crops. Where hogs are feeding on leguminous pasture they require less concentrated feed than when grazing upon non-leguminous pasture such as timothy, orchard grass, Bermuda, or bluegrass. In the early stages of growth the cereals may be classed as nitrogenous forages. A farmer may have more hogs than his pasture will accommodate. When this is the case, the pasture will last longer if a full grain ration is fed. The more grain a hog consumes, the less forage he will eat.

When grain is high, it is rather expensive to feed a supplemental grain ration. At such times there is a great temptation to place the hogs upon pasture alone. This practice will hardly ever pay, for it generally takes more grain and more time to finish off the hogs than if they had been fed a liberal ration while on pasture.

The amount of grain used will also depend upon the length of time the feeder has in which to fit the hogs for market. Hogs that are marketed from 10 to 12 months old are usually maintained on pasture alone during the grazing season. If any grain is given at all it is very light. In this way the greater percentage of growth is made from the cheaply grown forage. Where rapid finishing is desired, the liberal use of grain is important.

New Silage Corn.

One of the outstanding features of the El Paso (Tex.) Chamber of Commerce exhibit at the International Soil Products Exposition, was a display of Coahuilena corn, grown in the Rio Grande Valley near Pass City by T. Davis Porcher.

Coahuilena corn takes its name from the Mexican State of Coahuila. Its habitat. It grows there from 10 to 15 feet in height, producing from one to three ears to the stalk. The seed was introduced into the United States by a wealthy Mexican refugee last spring. Only a limited quantity of seed was available. This is 120-day corn, and was drilled in rows 3½ feet apart and about 15 inches apart in the row. In its new surroundings Coahuilena corn grows from 18 to 25 feet in height, which is accounted for by the deep, fertile soil of the Rio Grande Valley, formed by deposits of alluvial silt.

Secretary Fraser of the Chamber of Commerce of El Paso, and Farm Demonstrator A. G. Graham cut the corn on the Porcher ranch early in September when it was ninety days from the seed and still in the dough. Graham says that Coahuilena corn will produce, conservatively, twenty-five tons of ensilage to the acre, and that the yield of the grain should be not less than thirty bushels. The corn in question was grown with only two irrigations, and has proven that it does not require more moisture than other varieties.

Watermelons Have Anthracnose.

Watermelon growers in various sections of the country frequently suffer loss from a disease which blights the foliage and spots the fruit. The leaves are covered with irregular, dark, dead spots, and may die before the melons are ripe. The trouble develops on the fruit in the form of water-soaked and later sunken spots of varying size, which come to have a pink center made up of masses of the fungus spores. As the disease progresses the melons decay. This is anthracnose, and is caused by a parasitic fungus related to those which produce the apple bitter rot and pod spot of bean. The fungus causing watermelon anthracnose attacks cucumbers, cantaloupes and squashes, but probably not, as a rule, any other cultivated crops.

"bees" was to expose to the air a mixture of corn meal and molasses until it became impregnated with wild yeast and other bacteria. The ferment so produced was employed locally in making a sort of vinegar or certain alcoholic solutions, by adding it to a mixture of water and either brown sugar or molasses, which then was followed to work or ferments.

Here's a Cheap Feed Crop.

Last season a farmer realized about the first of August that he was going to be short of feed for the winter. He couldn't see where he was going to be able to buy feed either, and was just getting a nice start in cattle that he didn't want to sell.

He figured that there was time enough to raise feed, so he disked a piece of oat stubble up, after a rain, and swept a mixture of all kinds of grain out of his granary, with which the land was sowed.

The crop went succotash a few better as a mixture. In addition to corn and soy beans, there were peas, oats milled and rye. But it grew well and made several loads of fine feed.

Maybe some one who reads this would like to try the same thing.—Globe Democrat.

Seaweed Furnishes Potash.

Some thousands of farmers along the shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Atlantic Coast, need not shed any tears over their inability to obtain commercial potash, when they can get plenty of kelp along the seashore for the labor of gathering it. This mixed seaweed which we get consists mainly of kelp, but includes rockweed and moss. It is a most valuable manure. The dry matter of kelp is as valuable, pound for pound, as kainit. The wet, fresh kelp, at present prices of potash, is worth \$15.50 per ton.

Feed the Colt Well.

Skimping the colt's feed is an easy method of throwing away money, especially when the price of draft horses is growing higher each season," says J. S. Cogey of the animal husbandry department, Ohio State University. Prof. Coffey points out that the feed and the care a colt gets during the first year and a half of its life determines what it will be at maturity. "Encourage the colt to eat early, preferably feeding crushed oats and bran in equal parts. Let the colt have alfalfa and clover hay as soon as he will eat it. Maximum growth stunted early never fully recovers."

Is Your Milk Dirty?

The Chicago Department of Health suggests a simple home test for dirty milk. A perfectly clean funnel is used with a small piece of clean wire netting fitted in the neck opening and a thin layer of clean cotton batting on the wire netting. Stand the funnel in a large glass fruit jar and filter a quart or more of the milk through the cotton. Remove the cotton and place on a clean white card to dry. This will show all evidences of dirt in the milk.

Alfalfaograms.

Cast your alfalfa before swine, and your wife can wear pearls.

To rejuvenate a tired soil or subdue a hard, dry, stubborn soil—shoot it full of alfalfa roots.

No other farms change hands less frequently than those having well set alfalfa fields.

To say that "any fool can grow alfalfa" is misleading, but with decent treatment under ordinary favorable conditions, alfalfa is bringing good fortune to thousands of those who know it best and who, in their dealings with it, use a fair intelligence.

The progenitors of our race in far middle Asia depended upon alfalfa as a forage.

It was in alfalfa pasture that the grazing Nebuchadnezzar found healing and restoration of his senses.

Alfalfa is a glutton for lime.

In former times when a farmer and a mortgage got on a Kansas farm, the man too often was the one who had to leave, but since alfalfa came its the mortgage that has to get off.

It was but little more than two decades ago that Kansas City, incredulous and in wonder, saw its first carload of alfalfa hay. Last year 12,131 cars were received and distributed there.—F. D. Coburn in Farm Life.

VINEGAR BEES."

Housewives Warned Against Substance Alleged to Make Vinegar, Beer, Wine, and a Kidney Cure.

The department is receiving many inquiries regarding a substance offered for sale for making vinegar or alcoholic beverages under the names "Vinegar Bees," "Beer Bees," "Australian Bees," "California Bees," "African Bees," and various other designations. These names are being applied, apparently, to a kind of wild yeast or ferment which, as far as can be learned, was originated by the mountaineers of Tennessee and Kentucky.

The primitive process for making

how to select the food that will help her most in laying eggs and keep her in the best of condition. Some old ideas with regard to poultry feeding were proved sound, and some others were discredited by the hens. They almost all showed a decided preference for wheat, which is very generally used as a poultry feed. Kafir stood next in popularity, followed by corn and corn meal, but oats and sunflowers were not eaten as much as many people would have expected, probably because the hen is not able to digest much food containing a high percentage of crude fiber. The hens that did eat sunflower seed were seen cracking them and eating only the softer portions inside, possibly because they wanted to get rid of the crude fiber in the shell.

The recent inquiries seem to have been stimulated by enterprising individuals and firms for advertisers make extravagant claims for the product and ask a fancy price for it which, the yeast specialists of the department say, is out of all proportion to its original cost or to its actual worth. In some of the advertisements which have reached the department the sellers assert that the department the sellers assert that the substance when mixed with water and molasses or sugar will produce beer or wine. Other promoters go so far as to say that the fermented mixture is beneficial in the treatment of rheumatism and kidney trouble, claims which have no foundation in fact.

In the opinion of the department's specialists, a product made by catching yeast and bacteria indiscriminately from the air may very well contain harmful as well as desirable organisms, and the specialists state that great care should be exercised in both the preparation and the use of such a product. In their judgment, "bees" is not as well suited for producing alcoholic fermentation as is the ordinary yeast cake, and they cannot recommend it at all for making vinegar.—U. S. Agricultural Bulletin.

Garden Plots and Patriotism.

We farmers, as a rule, are not a class of men who boast of bank accounts upon which we might draw to purchase American flags, so our patriotism must manifest itself in some other form. One of my patriotic neighbors, by the way, has become so enthused over the matter of preparedness that he has laid out his small farm to resemble Old Glory, seven rows of red-top beets representing the gory stripes, with six rows of white turnips alternated between them. On one corner of the plot six rows of cabbage heads indicate the 48 stars of the Union Jack and on the fence post at the upper corner of this American flag sits a stuffed henhawk with spread wings resembling the American eagle. This is not all. No, indeed! He has arranged a set of bugle calls for the dinner horn which begin at the hour of reveille and at which every member of his patriotic household tumbles out. Military salutes have taken the place of "Good mornin' Sals" and "Hod-do Hanks," and other unpatriotic expressions of cordiality.—Zim in Cartoons Magazine.

Tests Show Foods Preferred By Hens

Perhaps the best way to find out what hens like is to ask the hens. At least, that was the plan followed by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station in recent tests in which weighed amounts of various foods were placed before the hens and what they left of each kind of feed was weighed back so it was possible to tell what kind of feed they had eaten and what they had passed by. At the same time a careful record was kept of the number of eggs laid by each hen and her changes in weight.

The test seems to show that the hen knows better than many people

Don't Make Curiosity Telephone Calls

"Because 2,000 late curiosity seekers in Blaghamton asked 'Central' where the fire was, an emergency call for an ambulance was held up for nearly 15 minutes and this delay resulted in the death of —Physicians say that had the ambulance been secured at once —'s life might have been saved." —Elmira Advertiser.

IT is beyond the bounds of possibility to answer promptly the mass of curiosity telephone calls that threaten to swamp our exchanges every time there is a large fire.

Calls for physicians, the ambulance or the police, held up at such times might result in the loss of human life.

For your protection, as well as for the protection of your neighbors, we ask you not to call the telephone operator merely out of curiosity. After all, she has no more information than you have.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.
Incorporated

BOX 119, OWENSBORO, KY.

Will My Child Take Dr. King's New Discovery?

This best answer is Dr. King's New Discovery itself. It's a pleasant sweet syrup, easy to take. It contains the medicines which years of experience have proven best for Coughs and Colds. Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery longest are its best friends. Besides every bottle is guaranteed. If you don't get satisfaction you get your money back. Buy a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left for Cough and Cold insurance.

Scandalous.

"So he's the black sheep of the family is he?"

"Yes, indeed. hy, he actually has so little respect for himself that he rides around in a last year's car."

Miss Gushley—"How lovely it is here! There is music in the very air!

Farmer Hayrick—Yes. It's the 'skeeters singin'.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!



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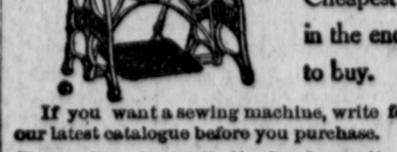


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For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feelright all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

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NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

For pains in the back a good remedy is Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pill.

LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

North Sea.—Two British light cruisers, the Nottingham and Falmouth, were sunk Saturday in the North Sea by German submarines while the vessels were searching for the German high seas fleet, according to an official announcement issued by the Admiralty. One German submarine was destroyed by the British, while another was rammed and possibly sunk.

CHANGES IN GAME LAWS FOR STATE ANNOUNCED

Washington, Aug. 23.—Kentucky sportsmen will have "an even break" with those of Indiana and Ohio in hunting wild fowl under the revised Federal regulations governing migratory birds, as announced Tuesday by the Secretary of Agriculture. The new regulations are:

"An open season in Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio from September 16 to December 31 for coots, gallinules, jacksnipe and water fowl, except swans and wood ducks."

"An open season in Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio from September 1 to December 15 for black-breasted and golden plover and greater and lesser yellow-legs."

The department orders a closed season in Kentucky and Illinois for woodcock until October 1, 1916.

PLEASANT GROVE.

Aug. 22.—The meeting here at this place is progressing nicely.

Mr. J. W. Mosley's tenement house which was occupied by Mr. Austin Basham, burned down Saturday about 2 o'clock. The cause of the fire is supposed to have been from the fire. Mr. Basham and family were all away from home when the house burned and did not save any of the contents.

Mr. S. H. Bennett's house and contents burned Sunday about 1:30 o'clock, while they were all at church. The cause of this fire is unknown.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Allen Moxley August 14, a girl.

Mr. Ed Dehaven and family visited R. C. Carter and family Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Wilbur Davison and Beltran Keene returned home Monday from Alton, Ill.

Miss Lona Moxley was the guest of Miss Julia Shreve Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. W. D. White, near Askin, died Saturday and was buried Sunday at Trisler. He leaves quite a number of relatives and friends to mourn his death.

Sale Notice.

Because of my moving to another State, I will sell my improved farm near Render, Ky., containing 30 acres, good dwelling, and all modern improvements, at a bargain. Also, one 3-year-old colt, one cow, and farm implements. Address

MAYHUGH BAIZE,
7:4p
Render, Ky.

Socialists Nominate Ticket.

The Socialists of the Fourth District have nominated J. M. Shultz, a well known farmer of Simmons, to make the race at the coming November election for Congress.

Mr. Shultz says his party is the political party which proposes to establish an industrial order that will make poverty impossible to exist, and that the public collective ownership of railroads and other big industries, privately owned to-day, will by being made public property, like the post-office, bring about an era of prosperity unparalleled in the history of this nation.

He predicts a large vote for his party this fall and says even if not elected a big Socialist vote will make the other political parties introduce certain reform measures for the immediate benefit of the people which they wouldn't do if the Socialist vote is small.

GERMANY'S CROP YIELDS ARE DECLARED EXCELLENT

Berlin, Aug. 23 (by wireless to Sayville).—The Tagesschau says that the favorable crop forecasts are being borne out fully and that excellent yields of all cereals are being obtained throughout Germany. Fodder also is plentiful. The potato crop, however, probably is inferior to that of last year, owing to the excessive rains. Sugar production has increased.

DEUTSCHLAND SAFE HOME, SAYS OVERSEAS AGENCY

Berlin, Aug. 23 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The merchant submarine Deutschland arrived at the mouth of the Weser on August 23, according to the Overseas News Agency.

The agency says that the Deutschland arrived on the afternoon of August 23 and anchored before the mouth of the river. All on board were well.

SLEUTHS UNEARTH BIG CONSPIRACY

SECRET SERVICE AGENTS DISCOVER COUNTERFEITING PLOT IN NEW YORK CITY.

New York, August 20.—A conspiracy to manufacture and circulate \$1,000,000 of counterfeit silver certificates and United States treasury notes was frustrated here Wednesday by William J. Flynn, chief of the Government Secret Service, and several assistants.

Eight arrests were made after raids on a house at Grant City, Staten Island, and one in East Ninth street, this city.

A complete counterfeiting outfit was found, consisting of photographic apparatus, lithographic presses, electrotyping, etching tools, paper and colored ink.

An illicit wine and liquor blending plant also was unearthed. Two of the men taken in custody were operating this plant, it was alleged.

According to the Secret Service men, the counterfeitors apparently were well supplied with money, their outfit alone having cost upward of \$2,000.

"Underground" Channel Utilized.

The scheme, the government agents said they were informed, was to manufacture the \$1,000,000 in spurious bills, then destroy the plant before attempting to dispose of the bogus money.

Seventy photographic negatives of genuine bills had been made and the impressions transferred to gelatine and wax plates. Some of these, after having been electroplated, had been etched. Pieces of silk and human hair also were used in the process of making the counterfeits.

Chief Flynn declared that the ring-leader of the alleged conspiracy is an expert photo-engraver and etcher. The work of fitting up the plant, it was said, began several months ago.

Through a channel described as "underground" the secret service men learned that a band of foreigners under Antonio Monteforti were arranging something new in the counterfeiting line.

Heretofore the counterfeiting plants have been captured through tracing the counterfeit money to its source.

St. Louis Agents Called On.

To make sure the conspirators would not know they were being followed secret service men were called from Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati and other cities, and they followed every move of the suspected men. They were with them when they paid for the presses, plates, paper and etching material, and rented the old hotel building in Grant City.

They said they watched Monteforti, a skilled photographer and etcher, work on the plates, and saw other men prepare the paper by pasting two thin sheets together, between which silk threads and hair had been scattered, to imitate currency paper.

It was said the printing of the counterfeit bills was about to begin when Chief Flynn and his men arrived in automobiles and made the raid. Their prisoners included Monteforti.

The plan was under development for more than a year, and several men had been devoting their time exclusively to that work. Elaborate as was the engraving and printing scheme the project of floating the counterfeit bills, Indian \$5 and Buffalo \$10, was more ingenious.

The leaders, it is said, had arranged for a practical underwriting of their supply by a group of twenty middlemen, who were to peddle them out at 45 cents on the dollar to the men who would pass them to the public.

At least fifty negatives of United States bills, ranging from \$1 to \$10, were found. Some had been transferred to gelatin, then wax plates, and from that copper plates were being made for printing the notes. Monteforti was found with etching tools working on a \$5 copper plate.

For Sale.

Good 120 acre farm on Rough River, 3 miles west of Hartford. 60 acres in cultivation; other 60 acres woodland. Improved. Apply,

TINSLEY & BARNETT,

Hartford, Ky.

Southern Inventors.

The following patents were just issued to Southern clients, reported by D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Kentucky.—C. Harmon, Louisville, siding-gage.

Tennessee.—F. L. Harmon, Niota, automatic railway-switch; A. R. Henders, Memphis, mop-holder; W. G. Slagle, Memphis, air-purifier for laundry-drying machines; C. R. Tag-

Wanted!

Men with teams to go through the country buying junk and selling to me. Guaranteed to make not less than \$5.00 every day.

SEE ME AT ONCE.

L. M. ADES.

In Nall Building,

Hartford, Ky.

garn, Chattanooga, automobile signaling apparatus.

West Virginia.—J. N. Chilson, Fairmont, coin controlled vending machine; A. L. Copley, Glenallen, coal conveying mechanism; F. C. Feimer, Elm Grove, valve lifter; V. B. Thurmond, baby walker.

GUARDS NEEDED.

On The Border But Will Soon Return Says Baker.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Belief of the administration that the national guard on the border still is serving the definite purpose of preventing bandit raids, was evident today in answers sent by Secretary Baker to persons who had written suggesting that the troops be recalled.

The Secretary referred to hardships caused guardsmen and their families by the enforced stay at the border as a regrettable but necessary accompaniment of the service. He explained also that the training would be invaluable in fitting the men to act as a second line in war time.

Secretary Baker's letters praised the spirit and efficiency of the men and promised that they should be returned "so soon as a restored state of order on the border justifies it."

SCOTT'S DAUGHTER GAVE BLOOD TO SAVE CHILDREN

New York, Aug. 16.—Miss Houston Scott, daughter of Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, was one of the young women who gave her blood to fight infantile paralysis.

Miss Scott's action had been kept secret at her request. She was one of the first to offer the physicians at Willard Parker Hospital blood for the making of serum.

Friends and members of her family told her that if it should be known that she had volunteered to aid the physicians the example might lead to the bringing of many other persons to the hospital. Then Miss Scott consented to have announcement made of her offering.

BORDER MILITIAMEN HAVE RECEIVED BUT \$6 EACH

Washington, Aug. 22.—Senator Weeks received an appeal from Massachusetts constituents on behalf of some of the State troops on the Mexican border, who, it is declared, have received only \$6 each since they went to the border, more than two months ago.

"I am informed," says Senator Weeks, "that enlisted men of the Massachusetts Light Artillery have received only \$6 since they went to the border. I also am informed that the same applies to other Massachusetts, and some of the Pennsylvania troops. I shall take the matter up with the War Department at once."

GIRL SWIMS 36 1-4 MILES IN 10 HOURS, 17 MINUTES

London, August 20.—Miss Eileen Lee, who swam thirty-six and one-fourth miles in the Thames River in 10:17, is said to have established a new world's record in long-distance swimming for women.

Miss Lee started at Teddington Lock and swam to Wapping and then back to Kew Bridge. She finished fresh.

She Needed Aid.

"See that man over there? He is a bombastic mutt, a wind-jammer nonentity, a false alarm, and an encumberance of the earth!"

"Would you mind writing all that down for me?"

"Why, in the world—"

"He's my husband and I should like to use it on him some time."—Brooklyn Citizen.

For Sale.

Good 120 acre farm on Rough River, 3 miles west of Hartford. 60

acres in cultivation; other 60 acres woodland. Improved. Apply,

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Rags, Iron, Rubber Shoes, Rubber Tires, Metals, Paper, etc. A new enterprise in town. We pay highest cash price for everything. We also represent Louisville's largest dealer in Hides, Old Feathers, Roots and Herbs. "It's a crime to waste" so bring in what you have. Prices are high.

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L. M. ADES, Manager.
In Nall Building. HARTFORD, KY.

New Price on Ford Cars!

Ford Runabout . \$345.00
Ford Touring Car . \$360.00
F. O. B. Detroit. Freight to Beaver Dam \$18.00.

E. P. BARNES & BRO. Beaver Dam, Ky.

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

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The Only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the American and European Plans.

AMERICAN PLAN (With Meals)

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms.....single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each
50 Rooms.....single, 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each
50 Front Rooms.....single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each

Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms.....single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.75 each
50 Rooms.....single, 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meals)

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms.....single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each
50 Rooms.....single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each

50 Front Rooms.....single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms.....single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each
50 Rooms.....single, 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main Sts.

European Plan Only.

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up—Best Eating Place in Town.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a 2-block's walk to the retail district and theaters.

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Clean and Classy Midway Grand Military Pageant and Athletic Tournament.

Stupendous Decorated Automobile Parade for Prizes

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